THE PATH TO REOPENING SCHOOLS: EARLY RESEARCH AND THE CURRENT CALIFORNIA LANDSCAPE





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PANELISTS

- Jason Willis, Director of Strategy & Performance, WestEd
- Kelsey Krausen, Ph.D., Senior Engagement Manager, WestEd
- Dennis Meyers, Assistant Executive Director, Governmental Relations, CSBA
- Debra Schade, Ph.D., Trustee, Solana Beach USD; CSBA Director, Region 17
- Rosanna Mucetti, EdD., Superintendent, Napa Valley Unified School District
- Moderator: Troy Flint, Public Information Officer, CSBA



OVERVIEW

- 1. A Growing Focus on Reopening Schools
- 2. Legislative Updates
- **3. Current Research**
- 4. Landscape of Reopening in California
- 5. Considerations for Reopening





A Growing Focus on Reopening Schools

What leaders are saying





If Congress provides the funding we need to protect students, educators, and staff, and if states and cities put strong public health measures in place that we all follow, then my team will work to see that the majority of our schools can be open by the end of my first 100 days.



— President Joe Biden





With growing evidence that the right precautions can effectively stop the spread of COVID-19 in schools—especially in elementary schools—the Administration is committed to doing everything it can to make in-person instruction in schools safe for students and staff.



— Governor Gavin Newsom's Safe Schools for All Plan





[We] are also extremely concerned about the effects of prolonged distance learning and lack of access to in-person classroom resources on our children. . . we are seeing private and parochial schools open much more quickly, potentially increasing the disparities between well-resourced and under-resourced schools.



- Mayors of 13 Largest Cities in California





LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

Dennis Meyers CSBA Government Relations Office







IN-PERSON INSTRUCTION GRANTS

- \$2 billion Prop. 98 allocation in current year (authorizes more if it is needed)
- \$450 per ADA base grant level allocate utilizing LCFF formula
- LEA applies by Feb. 1, 2021, for Feb. 15, 2021, offering of in-person learning
- Application includes submission of COVID-19 School Safety Plan to county office of education (and posting to website) to include:
 - Asymptomatic testing for employees and students per Dept. of Public Health (CDPH) guidance
 - CalOSHA COVID-19 Emergency Standards COVID-19 School Guidance Checklist from CDPH

 - Collective bargaining agreements (certificated and classified)
 - Certify that students in distance learning have devices and high-speed internet
 - Instruction to include offering in-person instruction to TK-Grade 2 students (up to Grade 6 by March 15)
 - Instruction to cohorts (at least special ed, foster youth, homeless students, students w/o access to distance learning)
 - LEAs in Purple counties, plans must be sent to local health jurisdiction. Notification in 5 days if NOT approved

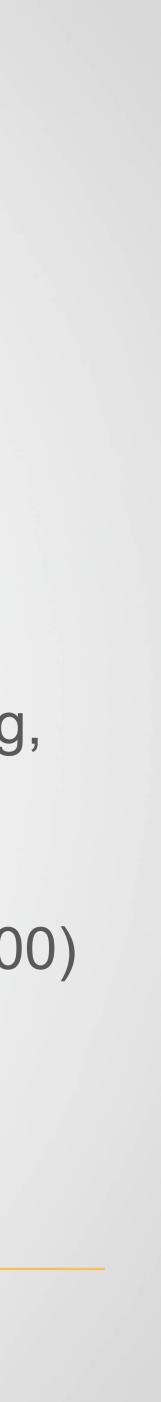




IN-PERSON INSTRUCTION GRANTS

- Adjustment for necessary small schools:
 - \$26,462.50 for > 25 ADA
 - \$52,925 for 25-48 ADA
 - \$79,387.50 for 49-72 ADA
 - \$105,850 for 73-96 ADA
- Adjustment if starting March 15: 25% less in per ADA and small school grants
- Eligible uses of funds include any purpose consistent with in-person instruction (testing, PPE, ventilation, salaries for certificated/classified providing in-person instruction or services, social and mental health
- Yellow Red Purple Counties vs Deep Purple Counties (case rates above 28:100,000)
- Includes new COVID-19 infection reporting requirements for all LEAs





IN-PERSON INSTRUCTION GRANTS

- COVID-19 testing requirements included in forthcoming CDPH health guidance: Yellow and Orange: symptomatic and response testing

 - Red and Purple Counties: symptomatic and response testing + every 2 weeks asymptomatic testing Deep Purple Counties: symptomatic and response testing + once per week asymptomatic testing
- Needs quick legislative approval as a budget trailer bill





DEBRA SCHADE, PH.D., TRUSTEE, SOLANA BEACH USD



ROSANNA MUCETTI, EdD., SUPERINTENDENT, NAPA VALLEY USD





Current Research





Research on the Safety of Reopening Schools

- community spread in areas that have low COVID-19 rates (Harris, Ziedan, & Hassig, 2021; Imberman, Goldhaber, & Strunk, 2020).
- over).
- (Zhu et al., 2020; Mannheim et al., 2020; CDC, 2021).
- asymptomatic (European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2020).



Community transmission. Multiple studies suggest that school reopenings do not increase

• School transmission. A recent CDC study found that, nationally, in-person learning does not appear to have led to increased rates of COVID-19 (CDC, 2021). Children can transmit the virus, but they do not seem to transmit the virus as often as adults — especially younger children. The highest risk of in-school transmission is adult-to-adult transmission (which we have more control

Infection rates. COVID cases among children are much lower, particularly among younger children

Severity of symptoms. Children are more likely to experience less severe symptoms or be





Learning Losses, Particularly for Vulnerable Students

Learning losses seem to be moderate rather than severe.

- more students falling behind relative to their prior standing.

Learning losses are larger for vulnerable student populations.

2 (Empower K–12, 2020).

We do not know the extent of the learning losses.

early in the pandemic in California.



McKinsey & Co. estimates the shift to distance learning in the spring set white students back by 1–3 months in math, while students of color lost 3–5 months (Dorn, Hancock, Sarakatsannis, & Viruleg, 2020).

In almost all grades, most students made some learning gains in both reading and math since the COVID-19 pandemic started. However, gains in math were, on average, lower in fall 2020 than in prior years, resulting in

Students in Washington, DC, lost 4 months of learning in math and 1 month of learning in ELA, with greater **losses for students who are at risk**. Early literacy proficiency also declined for students in grades K–

• Several school districts reported hundreds and even thousands of students who did not participate in online learning







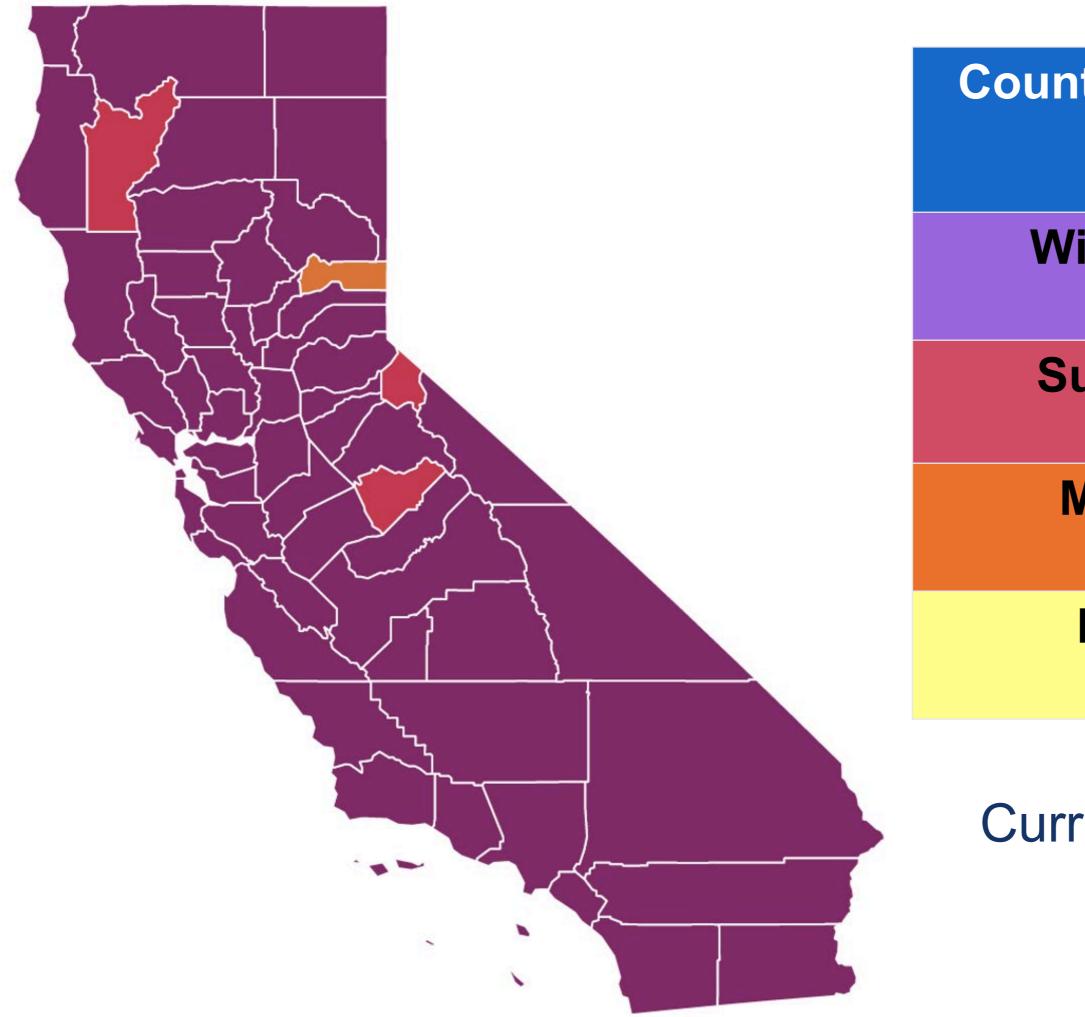


What We Know Based on Available Data

A Landscape Analysis of **District Reopening** Statewide



Reopening Schools in California



nty Risk Level	Daily Cases Per 100k	Positivity Rate
idespread	More than 7	More than 8%
ubstantial	4–7	5%–8%
Moderate	1–3.9	2%–4.9%
Minimal	Less than 1	Less than 2%

Currently, 54 of 58 counties are in the Widespread tier.





Limited Change to Instruction Type by County Despite Increase in Infection Rates

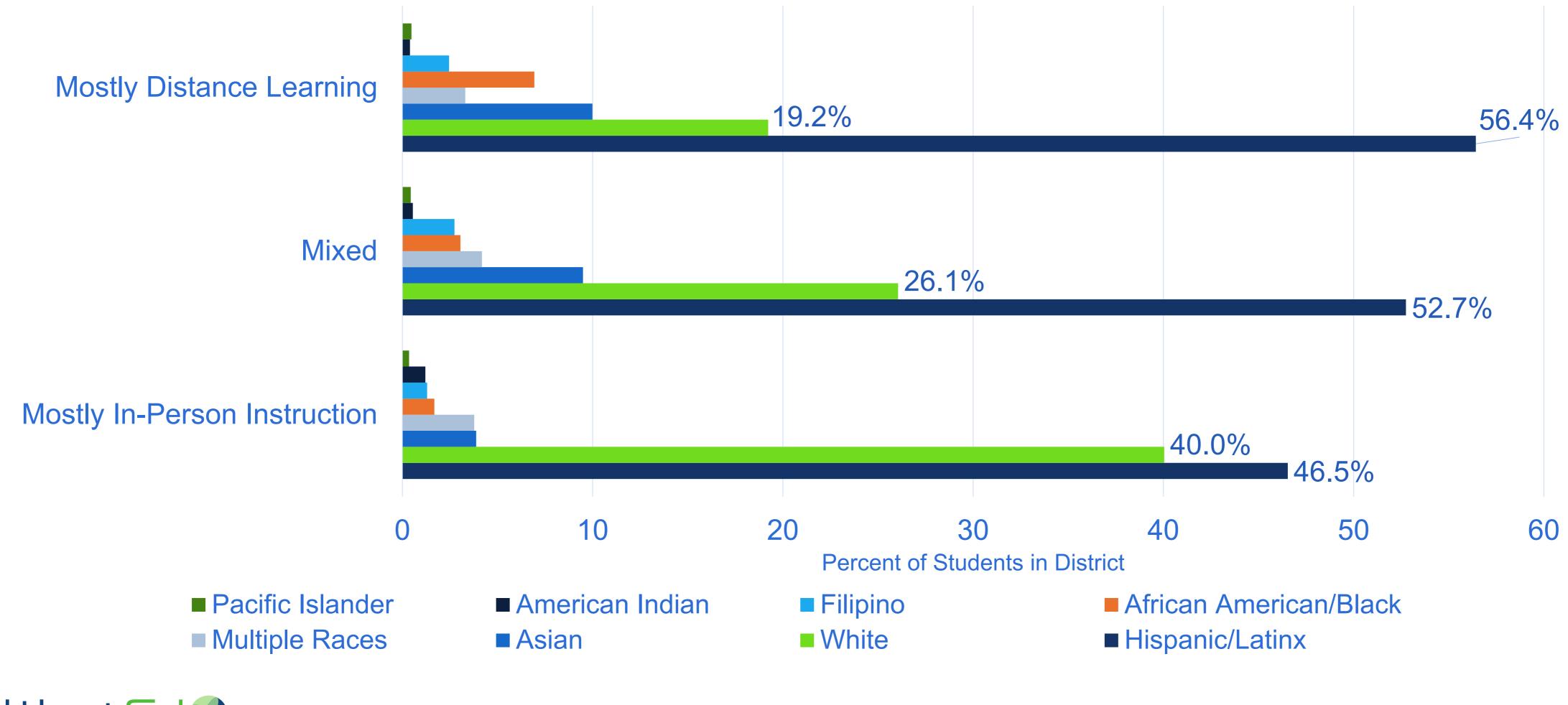
Date	Mostly Distance Learning. * All or most districts in the county are primarily offering distance learning.	Mixed. Some districts in the county are offering in- person instruction while others are staying with distance learning.	Mostly In-Person Instruction. All or most districts in the county are offering in-person instruction in some form.
October 30th	17 counties	20 counties	21 counties
	(418 districts)	(337 districts)	(189 districts)
December 16th	22 counties	17 counties	19 counties
	(413 districts)	(318 districts)	(213 districts)

*Apart from services for special needs students and K–6 schools that received waivers





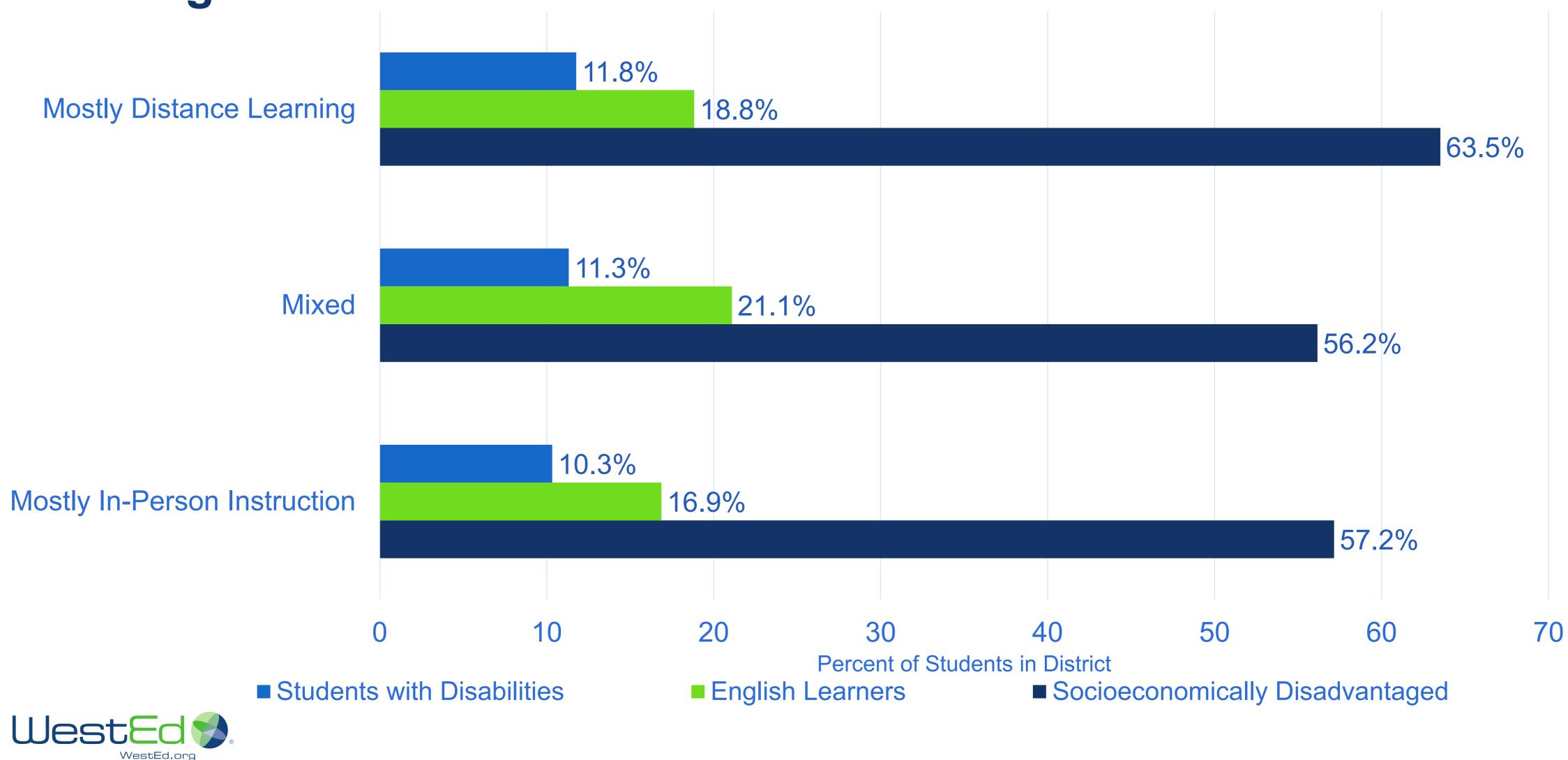
Hispanic/Latinx and Black students are overrepresented in "Mostly Distance Learning" counties







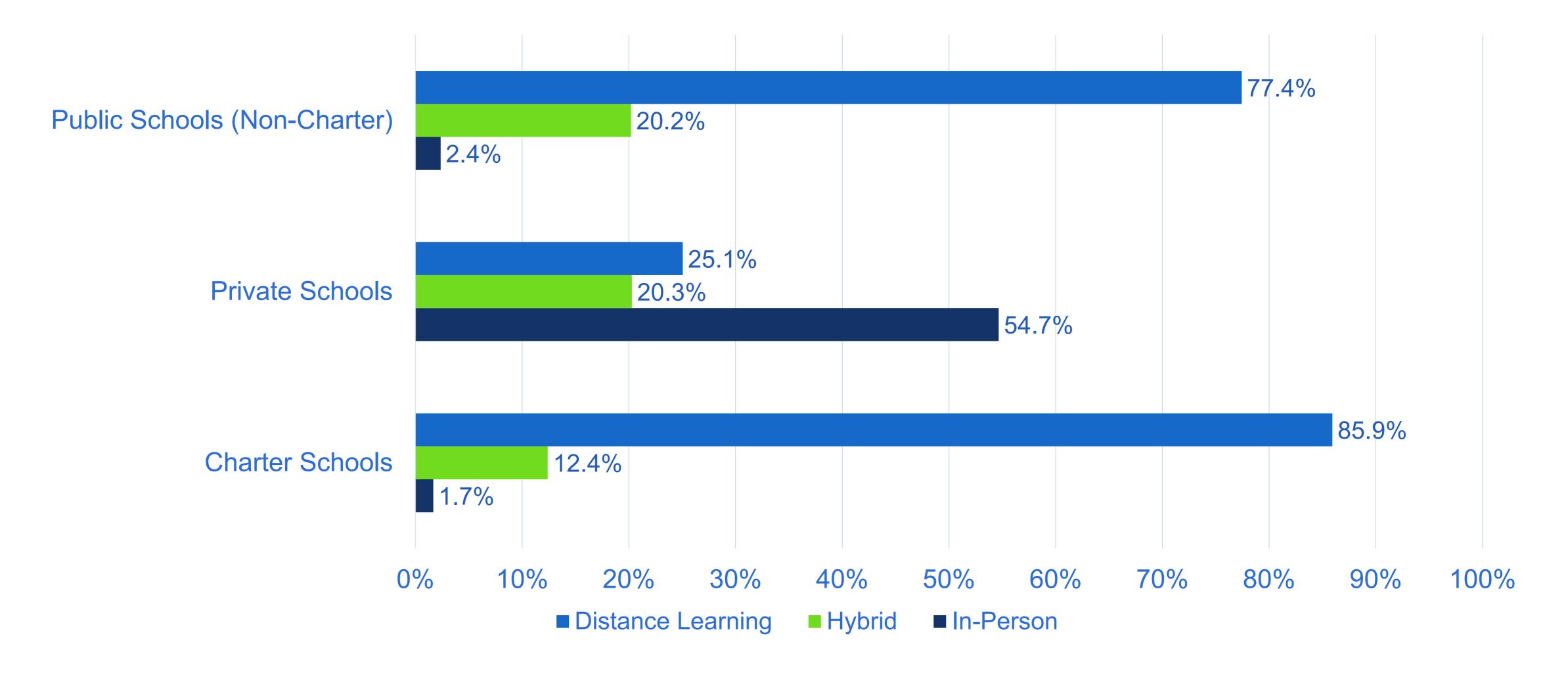
Higher Proportions of Vulnerable Student Groups in "Mostly Distance Learning" Counties







San Diego County: Majority of Private School Students are In-Person





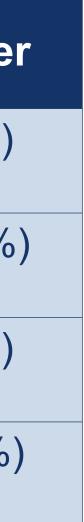


The Type of Schools Receiving Waivers Varies by County

- Over 1,600 schools in 39 counties have received waivers to reopen for in-person instruction.
 - Roughly half of these are private schools, and about 4% are charter schools
 - 296 (18%) are in Los Angeles County, and 132 (8%) are in Orange County
- In urban and suburban counties, more waivers were received by private schools than public schools.



County	Public Non- Charter	Private	Charte
Los Angeles	104 (35%)	184 (62%)	9 (3%)
Orange	9 (7%)	122 (92%)	1 (0.7%
Fresno	93 (85%)	10 (9%)	6 (6%)
Statewide	773 (48%)	765 (47%)	76 (4%)





Statewide Summary

Most districts are primarily offering distance learning.

- December.

Disadvantaged groups of students are most likely to be in "Mostly Distance Learning" counties.

- disadvantaged.
- Learning" counties than those in "Mostly In-Person" counties.

The trends in California are being seen nationwide (Diliberti & Kaufman, 2020).

- Most schools are providing either wholly or partially remote instruction.
- less likely to offer in-person instruction.
- internet access.



• Rural counties had lower positivity rates in the fall and were more likely to stay in-person through

• In urban and suburban counties, more private schools received waivers than public schools.

• In districts within "Mostly Distance Learning" counties, 64% of students are socioeconomically

• Students experiencing homelessness are more likely to attend districts in "Mostly Distance"

• The highest-poverty schools and schools with the highest percentages of minority students were

• Principals of highest-poverty schools report that, on average, 80% of their students had adequate





San Diego County Summary

Most students in San Diego County are being taught via distance learning.

- 78% of all students in the county are distance learning; most of these students are high schoolers.
- In 23 of the 44 public districts, distance learning is the most common method of instruction.

Of the students who are learning in-person, most are private school students.

 55% of all private-school students are learning in-person, compared to only about 2% of public-school students.

In districts where most students are distance learning, there are higher rates of poverty and homelessness.

- Over 50% of students in "Mostly Distance Learning" districts are socioeconomically disadvantaged.
- More than 1 in 5 of students in these districts are English learners.
- Nearly 4% of students in "Mostly Distance Learning" districts are experiencing homelessness.





QUESTION FOR OUR PANELISTS:

How have equity concerns factored into reopening decisions in your district/county?







Considerations for Reopening

Safety, Student Achievement & Well-Being, **Community Preferences, Resources, Staffing**



Key Considerations for Reopenings





Student Achievement & Well-Being

Community Preferences

Resources

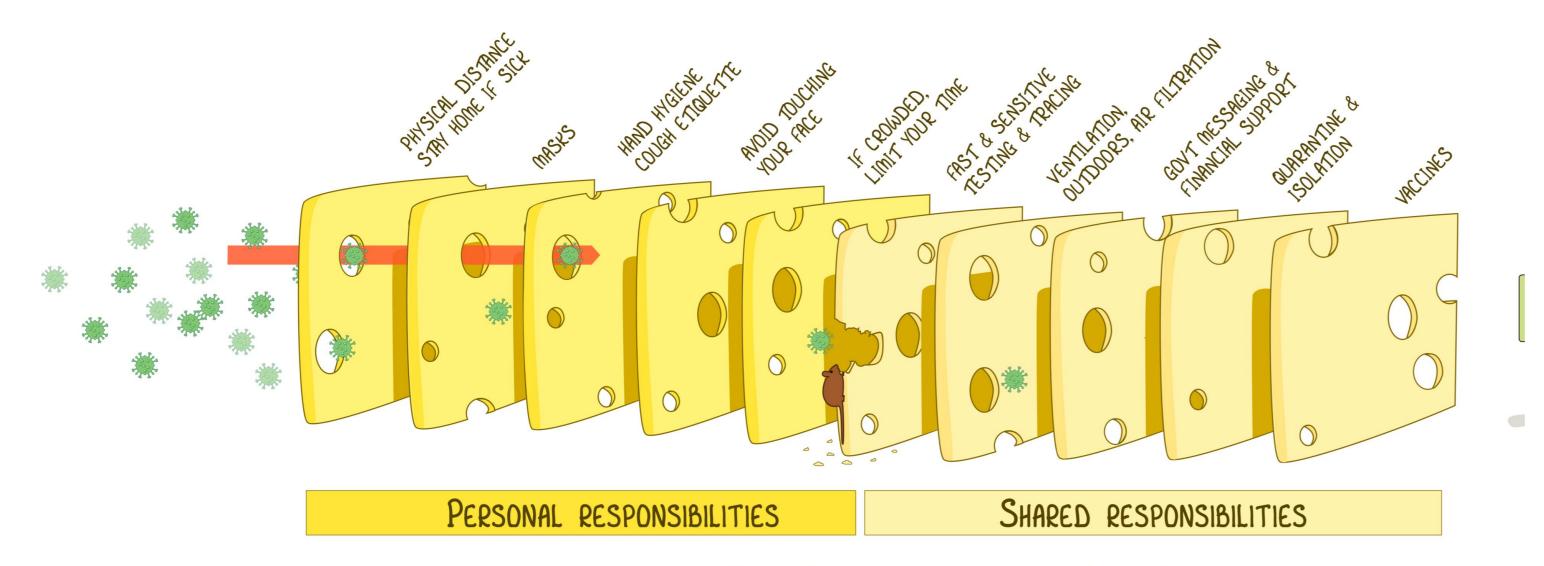
Staffing



Safety

THE SWISS CHEESE RESPIRATORY VIRUS PANDEMIC DEFENCE

RECOGNISING THAT NO SINGLE INTERVENTION IS PERFECT AT PREVENTING SPREAD



EACH INTERVENTION (LAYER) HAS IMPERFECTIONS (HOLES). MULTIPLE LAYERS IMPROVE SUCCESS.

VIROLOGYDO

WITH THANKS TO JODY LANARD, KATHERINE ARDEN BASED ON THE SWISS CHEESE MODEL OF ACCIDENT CAUSATION, BY JAMES

UPDATE:

Safety

- Community infection rates
- Small, stable groups
- Physical distancing
- Contact tracing
- Testing
- Face coverings
- PPE
- Vaccines



QUESTION FOR OUR PANELISTS:

What is the current focus of discussions regarding vaccines and testing in your district/county?



Student Achievement & Well-Being

- Academic achievement
- Mental health
- Social-emotional health
- Physical health





Small Group Cohorts

Targeted Online Interventions

Extended School Year

Summer School

Fall Interventions



Community Preferences

- Differences by race, socioeconomic status
- Mixed across districts
- Decisions to participate in inperson learning vs. remaining in distance learning



QUESTION FOR OUR PANELISTS:

How has your engagement with families and the community influenced your reopening plans?







Resources, including Staffing

• Fiscal

Resources

- Community support
- Connectivity
- Access to devices
- Access to services

Staffing

 Substitute shortages Teacher/principal/Central Office retirements Labor agreements



QUESTION FOR OUR PANELISTS:

How have staffing and other resource considerations shaped your reopening plans?







QUESTIONS?

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Presenters:

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- •
- \bullet CSBA
- \bullet Region 17
- District

Moderator:

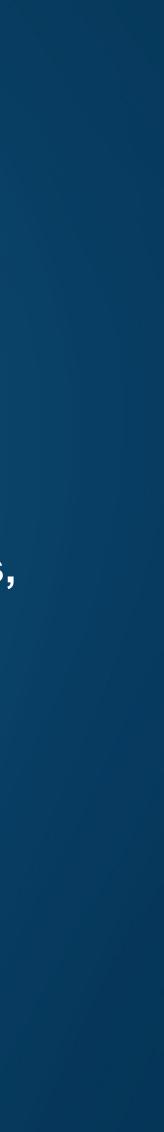
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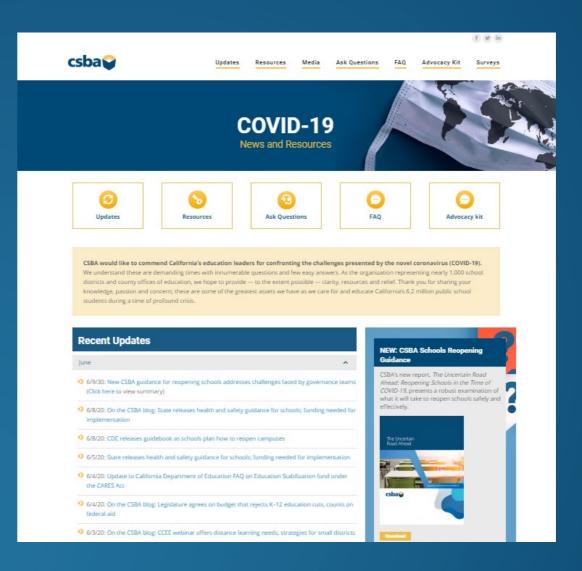


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